VOL'FROYICH, S. I.

WSR/Chemistry - Chemical technology

Card 1/1

Pub. 22 - 37/46

Authors

Vol'fkovich, S. I., Academician; Illarionov, V. V; and Remen, R. E.

Title

Effect of silica and aluminum ailicates on the reaction of apatite water vapor

Periodical

Dok. AN SSSR 97/4, 715-718, Aug 1, 1954

Abstract

The role of SiO₂ and Al₂(SiO₃)₃ in the 3Ca₃(PO₄)₂CaF₂ - watef vapor reaction (hydro-thermal transformation of apatite into phosphorus fertilizer) was investigated. Results, obtained during the defluorination of synthetic fluoro-apatite with and without water vapor, are shown in tables. The effect of small silica and silicate amounts, on the thermodynamic variable composition phase potential, is explained. Ten references: 1-USSR; 2-German; 2-Englist, 4-USA and 1-French (1935-1949).

Institution:

The Ya. V. Samoylov Scientific Institute for Fertilizers and Insecto-

Fungicides

Submitted

May 28, 1954

NOVOSELOVA, A.V., otv.red.; VOL'FKOVICH, S.I., red.; GERASIMOV, Ya.I., red.; YUR'YEV, Yu.K., red.; YUR'YEVA, L.P., red.

[Department of Chemistry of Moscow State University] Khimicheskii fakul'tet Moskovskogo ordena Lenina i ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni gosudarstvennogo universiteta imeni M.V.Lomonosova. Moskva, 1955. 59 p. (MCA 13:6)

1. Moscow. Universitet.
(Moscow University) (Moscow--Chemistry--Study and teaching)

Vol'FROV.Ch, S.I., akademik, redaktor; ZHAVCRONKOV, N.M., redaktor; 'POSTATOV, I.A., st. nauchnyv sotrudnik, redaktor; BARON, N.M., redaktor; SMIRNOVA, A.V., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Methods and processes of chemical technology] Metody i protsessy khimicheskoi tekhnologii. Moskva, Izd-vo Akademii nauk SSSR. No.1 1955. 234 p.

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh nauk. 2. Chlenkorrespondent AN SSSR (for Zhavoronkov).

(Chemistry, Technical)

BAHDIN, I.P., akademik, redaktor; <u>YOL'FKOVICH</u>, S.I.; akademik, redaktor; KAPUSTIESKIY, A.F., redaktor; SOKOLOV, A.V. professor, redaktor; POSPELOV, I.A., starshyy nauchnyy sotrudnik, redaktor; DEFEEA, O.I. redaktor; SMIRHOVA, A.V., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Studies in applied chemistry; a collection of scientific papers dedicated to the memory of Academician E.V.Britske] Issledovaniia po prikladnoi khimii; sbornik nauchno-issledovatel'skikh rabot, posviashchenuyi pamiati akademika E.V.Britske. Moskva, 1955.
342 p. (MLRA 8:11)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSE (for Kapustinskiy). 2. Akademiya nauk SSSE, Otdeleniye khimicheskikh nauk.

(Chemistry) (Britske, Ergard Viktorovich, 1877-1953)

The task of chemical science in connection with the improvement of agriculture. Soob.o nauch.rab.chl.vKiiO no.2:8-16 '55.

(MIRA 10:10)

(Agricultura chemistry)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860430005-4 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

ESSENCE PART DE LA SERENCE DE LA COMPANY DE LA COMPANY

ナビム・チャビンドロ ノカ ミース

USSR/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their Application. Mineral Salts. Oxides. Acids. Bases, I-5

Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 19, 1956, 62080 Abst Journal:

> Vol'fkovich, S. I., Remen, R. Ye. Author:

Institution: None

Title: Ammonium Phosphates of Magnesium, Zinc and Iron

Original

Sb. Issledovaniya po prikl. khimii, Moscow-Leningrad, Izd-vo AN Periodical:

SSSR, 1955, 149-174

Study of conditions of synthesis of NHhMgPO4.6H2O (I), NHhMgPO4.4H2O Abstract:

(II), ZnNH4PO4 (III) and FeNH4PO4.H2O (IV) by interaction of H3PO4, NH3 and corresponding metals or salts. I was obtained from technical MgSO₁₄ or MgCl₂, H₃PO₁₄ (technical or extraction, contaminated by admixtures) and NH₃ at 20°. II was obtained from the same reagents but at 100-105° or from Mg(OH)₂, H₃PO₁₄ and NH₃ and also from MgCO3 and NH4H2PO4. Proportions of reagents were stoichiometric. III was obtained from Zn or ZnO, H3PO4 and NH3, concentrated H3PO4

Card 1/2

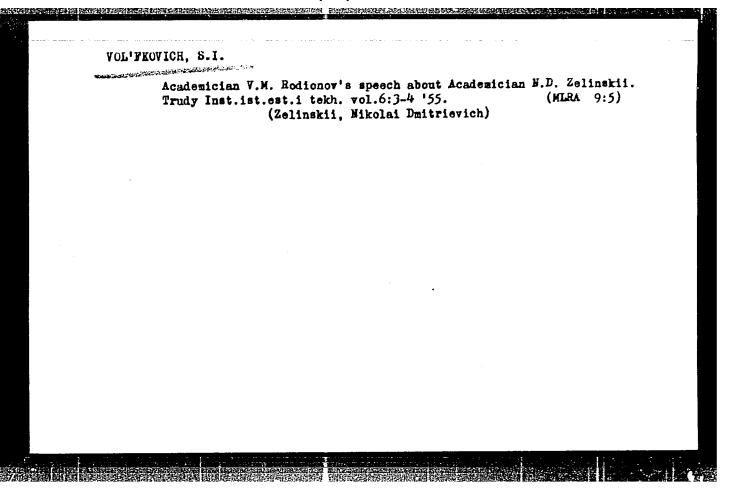
CIA-RDP86-00513R001860430005-4 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

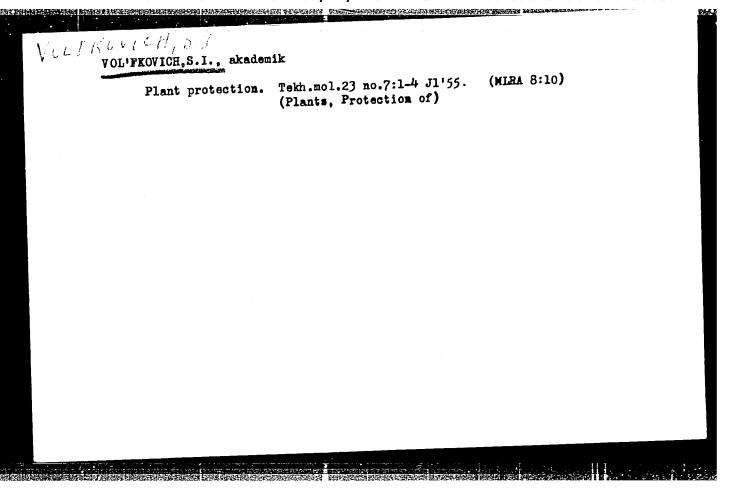
USSR/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their Application. Mineral Salts. Oxides. Acids. Bases, I-5

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 19, 1956, 62080

Abstract: was used in an amount of 120% of stoichicmetric. IV was obtained from $H_3PO_{l_{\! +}}$ (extraction) Fe and NH3. II is a fairly stable product which can be stored for a long time under different climatic conditions without loss of NH3. Losses of NH3 on storage of salt at 1000 are insignificant (up to 0.03%). A procedure has been worked out for stabilizing I by treatment of the crystalline product with benzene solution of ceresin as a result of which the crystals are coated with very thin film of ceresin which prevents evolution of NH3 on storage. Thermographic analysis revealed that II is stable up to 2440, III to 3500 and IV to 2000, and in the course thereof from IV is emitted NH3 and water of crystallization while admixture of Fe2+ are changed to Fe3+. Hydroscopicity of the prepared salts is characterized by the fact that under conditions of absolute humidity at a temperature of 20° during 50 days the salts absorbed the following amounts of water (in %): I 44.6; I coated with ceresin 12.2; II 10.2; III 10.8%; IV 24.2%. All the salts prepared are of practical interest as water insoluble antipyrenes and anticorrosion components of lacquers, paints and other materials, and also as fertilizers (for example II). Bibliography, 29 titles.

Card 2/2





AID P - 3172

Subject

: USSR/Chemistry

Card 1/1

Pub. 119 - 7/8

Authors

: Vol'fkovich, S. I. and V. K. Kuskov

Title

: N. N. Mel'nikov, Yu. A. Baskakov, Khimiya gerbitsidov i stimulyatorov rosta rasteniy (Chemistry of herbicides and growth-promoting substances for plants) Moscow, 1954. (Book Review)

Periodical: Usp. khim., 24, 5, 635-636, 1955

Abstract

: Critical review.

Institution: None

Submitted : No date

VOL'FKOVICH, S.I.; ZVYAGINTSEV. O.Ye.; YEGOROVA, Ye.N.

IUrii Vitalievich Morachevskii; on his 60th birthday and 35th anniversary of his scientific and pedagogical activities. Zhuranniversary of his scientific and pedagogical activities. Zhurannive

Vol'FKovicH, S.I.

AID P - 2256

Subject : USSR/Chemistry

Card 1/1 Pub. 152 - 1/19

: Vol'fkovich, S. I., I. I. Chernyayev, and A. V. Nikolayev Authors

MANAGEMENT OF THE STATE OF THE

Orest Yevgen'yevich Zvyagintsev (On the occasion of his 60th birthday and the 35th anniversary of his scientific Title

activities)

Periodical: Zhur. prikl. khim., 28, no.2, 121-122, 1955

Abstract : Biographic sketch with photograph.

Institution: None

Submitted : No date

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860430005-4 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

VOLFKURICH, S.L.

AID P - 3416

Subject

: USSR/Chemistry

card 1/1

Pub. 152 - 1/18

Authors

: Margolis, F. G., Z. N. Lunskaya and S. I. Vol'fkovich

Title

Reaction of potassium chloride with mixtures of sul-

fur dioxide, air, and steam

Periodical

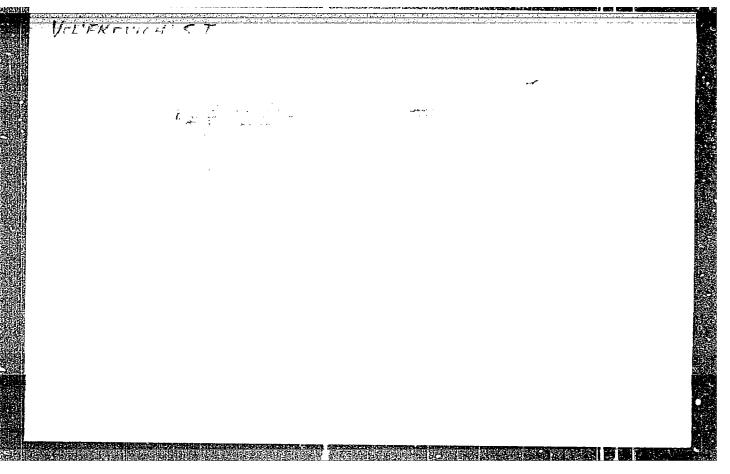
Zhur. prikl. khim., 28, 5, 453-458, 1955

Abstract

: Experiments were carried out with a gas mixture experiments were carried out with a gas mixture containing 5-7% SO₂ (gas velocity, 300 ml/min.) in the presence of 1% Fe₂O₃ (catalyst) at 500-550°C for 1.5-2 hours. The conversion of KCl to K₂SO₄ amounted to 94-96%; 40% of SO₂ reacted. Kaolin (3%) added to KCl prevented the latter from caking and exerted a mild catalytic effect. Four tables, 3 diagrams, 1 drawing, 2 references, 1 Russian (1942).

Institution : None

Submitted : 0 29, 1954



VOL'FKOVIGH. S.1., akademik; TOPCHIYEVA, K.V., prof., otv.red.

[Leboratory work in chemical engineering; program for the Cemistry Faculty] Programma praktikuma po khimicheskoi tekhnologii (alia khimicheskog fakul'teta), 1956. 3 p.

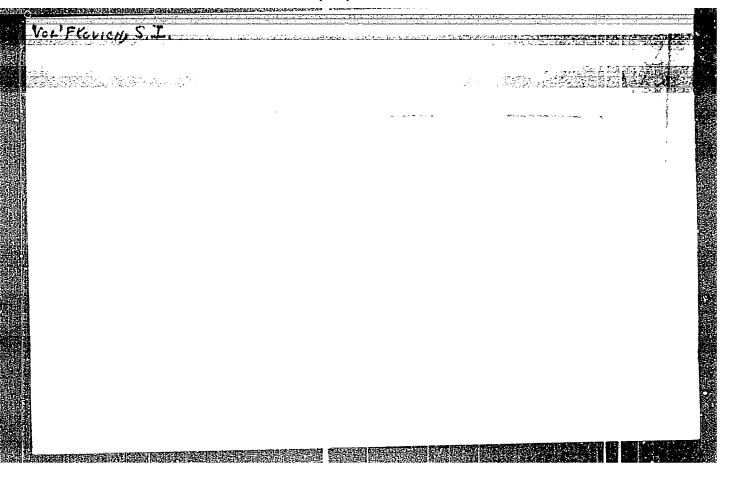
1. Moscow. Universitet.

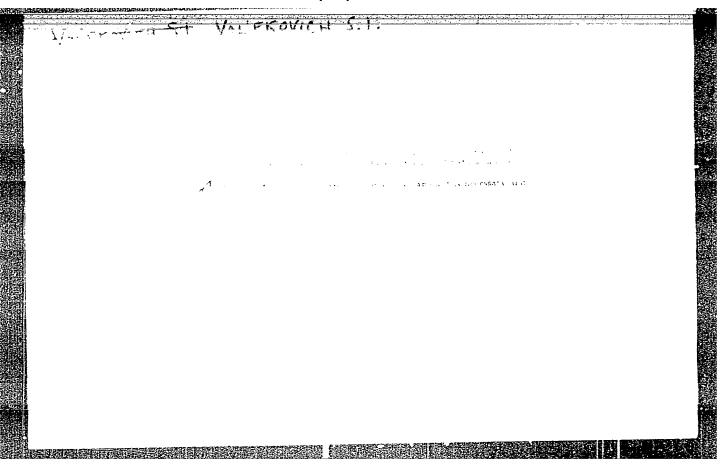
(Chemical engineering--Study and teaching)

Vol'FKOVICH, Senen Isaakovich, akademik; VASENIN, R.M., redaktor izdatel'vontfKOVICH, Senen Isaakovich, akademik; VASENIN, R.M., redaktor izdatel'stva; POLIVANOVA, Te.B., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

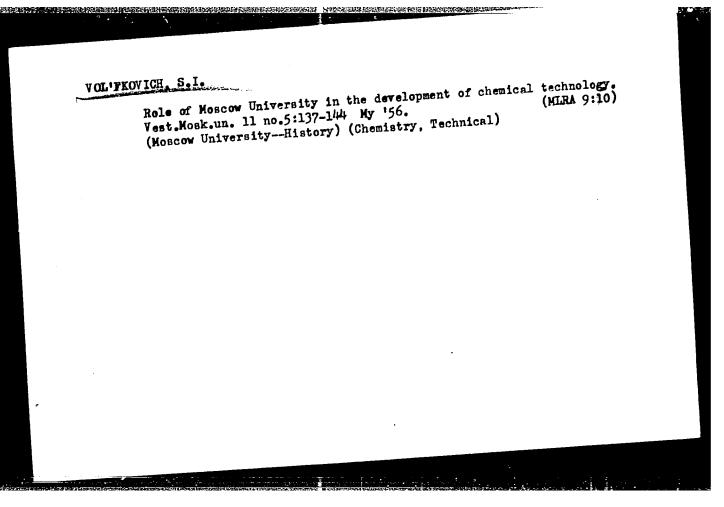
[Chemistry in agriculture] Khimila i sel'skoe khoziaistvo. Moskva,
Izd-vo Akademii nauk SSSR, 1956. 87 p. (MLRA 9:8)

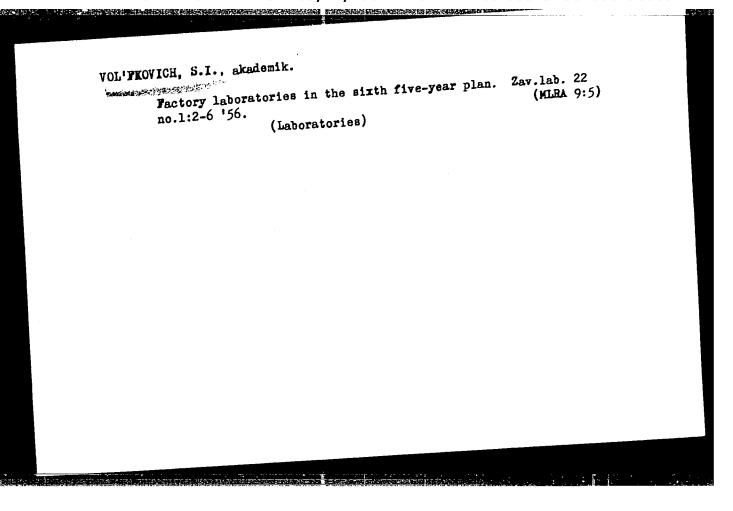
(Agricultural chemistry)

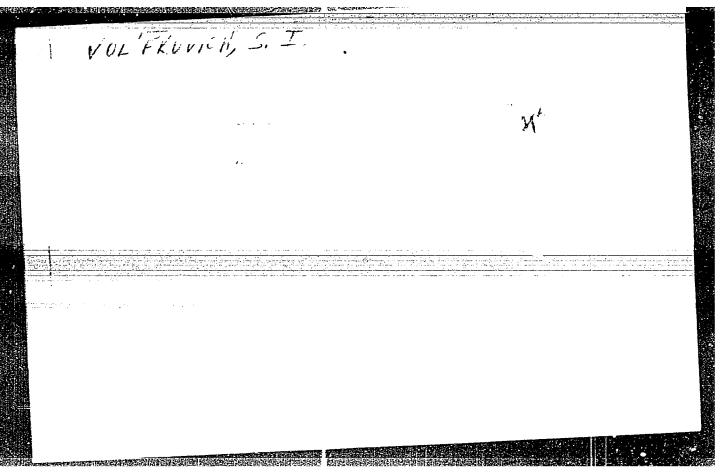




VOL'FKOVICH, S.I. (Moskva) Hikolai Aleksandrovich Morozov. Knim. v shkole 11 ne.4:19-25 J1 '56. (MERA 9:9) (Merozev, Mikolai Aleksandrovich, 1854-1946)







SELECTION OF SHEET OF SHEET SH

VOL'FKOVICH, S.I., akademik; MEL'NIKOV, N.N., professor.

Chemistry in the struggle for high crop yields. Prirode 45 no.2:
(MLRA 9:5)

23-37 F '56.

(Agricultural chemistry)

VCL'FROVICH, S.T.

Pidoavich, Ryurik Hikhaylovich; Waltwovich, S.F., redaktor; MSZ'YAR, V.V., tekhnichaskiy redaktor

S.F., redaktor; MSZ'YAR, V.V., tekhnichaskiy redaktor

[Measuring temperatures; laboratory practicum in chemical technology]

Izmerenie temperatury; labratory practicum in chemical technology]

logii. [Moskva] Isd-vo Mosk.univ., Pt.1. 1957, 44 p. (MLIA 10:10)

1. Zaveduyushchiy kafedroy khimichaskcy tekhnologii Moskovskogo

gosudarstvennogo universiteta (for Vol'fkovich)

(Thermometry)

SOLOHONOVA, Nedezhda Leonidovna; VOL'FKOVICH, S.I., akademik, red; KONDRASHKOVA, S.F., red.; GUR'YANOV, V.P., tekhn.red.

[Ges analysis; laboratory practices in chemical engineering]

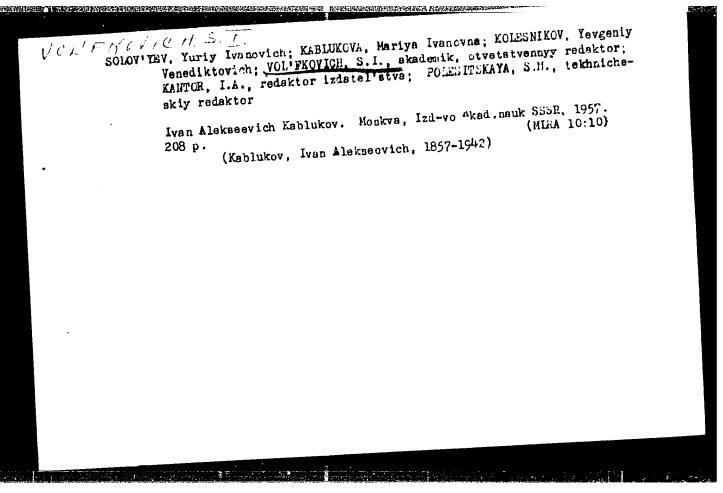
[Ges ovyi analiz; laboratornyi praktikum po khimicheskoi tekhnologii.

[Moskva]

[Moskva]

[Geses-Analysis]

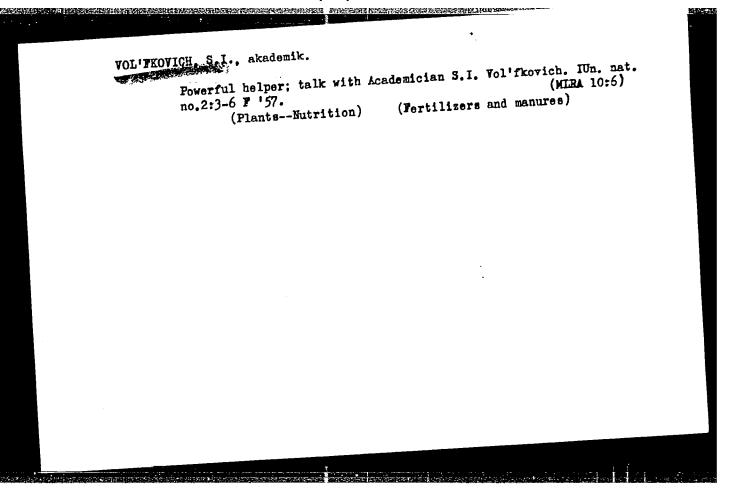
(Geses-Analysis)



VOL'YKOVICH, S.I., akademik, otvetstvennyy redaktor; DUBININ, M.M., akademik, redaktor; KOZLOV, V.V., professor, redaktor; FIGUROVSKIY, N.A., professor, redaktor; BANKVITSER, A.L., redaktor izdatel'stva; MAKUNIN, Ye.V., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Dmitrii Ivanovich Mendeleev; his life and works] Dmitrii Ivanovich Mendeleev; zhizn' i trudy. [Moskva] 1957. 254 p. (MLRA 10:2)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh nauk (Mendeleev, Dmitrii Ivanovich, 1834-1907)



CIA-RDP86-00513R001860430005-4 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

€ 6014 x 2000, Si

USSR/ General Division. History. Classics. Personalities. A-2

Ref Zhur-Biologiya, No 2, 1958, 4624 Abs Jour

Si Vol'fkovich Author

The Founder of Soviet Biochemistry. On the Inst Title

100th Anniversary of the Birth of A. N.

Bakh

Priroda, 1957, No 5, 71-76 Orig Pub

: No abstract Abstract

Card 1/1

Voltkovich, S.I H-3 USSR/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their Application. Fertilizers.

: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 1, 1958, 1900 Abs Jour

: Vol'fkovich S.I. Author

: Academy of Sciences USSR

: Exploratory Investigations in the Field of Chemistry and Inst Title

Technology of Fertilizers and Salts.

: Izv. AN SSSR, Otd. khim. n., 1957, No 6, 661-669 Orig Pub

A review of the work of the author and his associates. Abstract

Preparation of : 1) NH4-metaphosphate and its polymers: Preparation of: 1) NH4-metaphosphate and 1ts polymers:
a) by reaction of (NH4)2HPO4 with P2O5 and NH3 under a
pressure of 0.5-10 atmospheres; b) thermal dissociation
of NH4H2PO4 or (NH4)2HPO4 in NH3 (gas); 2) K-metaphosphate and its polymers by heating of KH2PO4 with different te and its polymers by heating of KH2PO4 with different additives; 3) Mg-metaphosphate; 4) amido-substituted

Card 1/2

VollfKovich S.I.

Vol'fkovich, S. I., Illarionov, V. V.,

64-8-5/19

AUTHORS:

TITLE:

Hemen, R. Ye.

Influence of Magnesium on the Process of Hydrothermal Working of Phosphates (Vliyaniye magniya na protsess

gidrotermicheskoy pererabotki fosfatov).

PERIODICAL: Khimicheskaya Promyshlennost', 1957, Nr 8, pp. 21-24 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Since the influence of the magnesium on the process of the hydrothermal working of apatite and on the behavior of the phosphorites from Kara-Tau during this process is not quite clear, experiments were carried out here in order to clear the specific rôle of the magnesium. In order to detect/the effectiveness of the magnesium influence in the ratio to calcium experiments were carried out in which the apatite concentrate was treated with water vapor at 14500 an hour long at various admixtures of silica, calcium- and magnesium oxides. On the strength of the experiments carried out

1) The influence of the magnesium oxide on the hydrothermal process of the defluoration of apatite and the transformation of the latter into a manure suitable for plants occurs only at

a corresponding silica content in the initial raw product

Card 1/3

Influence of Magnesium on the Process of Hydrothermal Working 64-8-5/19 of Phosphates

or in the charging. Without silica magnesium oxide does not exercise an essential influence on the process. 2) The formation of easily meltable compounds with silica might be a probable explanation of the role of the magnesium. For this influences the acceleration of the diffusion processes, whereas on the other hand it facilitates the removal of fluorine in form of silicon fluoride. The latter is formed in consequence of an interaction between fluorine and the silica in the melt which is an ion state. 3) In the slow cooling of the vitrous melt of apatite, silica, and magnesium oxide in which the fluorine was conserved, fluoroapatite crystallizes. In order to obtain a useful phosphate form in the product, it must be hardened if fluorine exists in the melt. In the case of a fluorine separation from the melt tricalciumphosphate is deposited in crystalline form. This changes into a β -modification at 11000 enantiotropically which can be exploited only with difficulties by the plants, if it can be exploited at all. However, also here a hardening is necessary. Only in the case of an excess of CaO in the

card 2/3

64-8-5/19 Influence of Magnesium on the Process of Hydrothermal Working of Phosphates

charging there is no necessity of hardening the product in the melting and the subsequent cooling, where the calcium silicophosphates are separated in crystalline form without

4) The apatite transformation process into a phosphorus manure which can be exploited by the plants takes place to a great extent without taking part of water vapors. In connection with that MgO and SiO phosphatites contained in corresponding ratios can be worked to manures soluble in citric acid. This is realized by means of melting, without a special water vapor supply, analogous to the production of phosphates mixed with dolomite and molten, of phosphate ores and natural magnesium silicates. If the MgO- and Si20 quantity in the phosphate ore does not correspond to the given prescription, the lacking reagents must be added to the phosphate. There are 6 tables, and 15 references,

ASSOCIATION: Scientific Research Institute for Fertilizers, Insecticides, and Fungicides (NIUIF = nauchno issledovatel'skiy institut

udobreniy i insektofungitsidov).

Library of Congress

AVAILABLE: Card 3/3

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860430005-4 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

Vol'fkovich Sapgir, I. N.,/ Rassudova, N. S.

64-8-17/19

AUTHORS:

TITLE:

P. M. Luk'yanov. History of the Chemical Profession and the Chemical Industry in Russia (P. M. Luk'yanov. Istoriya khimicheskikh promyslov i khimicheskoy promyshlennosti

PERIODICAL:

Khimicheskaya Promyshlennost', 1957, Nr 8, pp. 52-52 (USSE)

ABSTRACT:

This is volume number 4. Under the editorship of S. I. Vol'fkovich, member of the Academy. Publishing house of the Academy of Science USSR, 1955. 622 pages. The book is here discussed in short. This volume is entirely given to the

history of the production of dyes in Russia from ancient times up to the begin of the 20th century. A great number of original documents, manuscripts, etc. are given. A great part deals with the investigation of fresco-paintings, miniatures, and icons. The author procured, often with great difficulties, small quantities of these old dyes and investigated them by means of the spectral analysis. The results are comprised in a table. The fresco-paintings, miniatures, and icons are contained in the book in good reproduction. The book is well-written, and contains a detailed name-, subject-,

card 1/2

P. M. Luk'yanov. History of the Chemical Profession and the 64-8-17/19 Chemical Industry in Russia

geographical-, office-, and firm-index. The book is of special interest for chemists, historical researchers, and art historians.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

VOL'FKOVICH, S.I.; ILLARIONOV, V.V.; REMEN, E.Ye.

Effect of magnesium on the hydrothermal processing of phosphates.

(MIRA 11:2)

Khim. prom. no.8:469-472 D '57.

1. Nauchnyy institut po udobreniyam i insektofungisidam ir. Ya.V.

Samoylova. (Phosphates) (Magnosium)

VOL'FRONICH, S.I.

Vol'fkovich, S.I., Academician AUTHOR:

26-11-8/16

TITLE:

Chemistry in the Service of National Economy (Khimiya na sluzhbe

narodnogo khozyaystva)

PERIODICAL: Priroda, 1957, # 11, p 61-70 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The achievements of Soviet chemists are based on the old Russian chemical schools of such prominent scientists as D.I. Mendeleyev, A.M. Butlerov, N.N. Zinin and others. The development in the field of chemistry in the 40 years of Communist regime has been exceptionally fast and successful. According to the chart on page 62, chemical production increased from an assumed 100% in 1913 to 10,243% in 1956. Rapid development of metallurgy and chemical machine building created favorable conditions for a highly productive chemical industry, especially in the field of chemical synthesis of high molecular compounds such as rubber, plastics, fibers etc. that could be obtained from cheap raw material. The production of alcohol from saw dust, paper mill waste or crude oil is in the line with the summons of the Party to avoid the use of foodstuff for technical purposes wherever possible. Synthetic production of new and more effective medicines, disinfectants and sedatives were the result of minute research by such pro-

Card 1/2

. Chemistry in the Service of National Economy

26-11-8/16

minent chemists, as Academician I.N. Nazarov, A.E. Chichibabin, V.M.Rodionov and others. Analytical chemistry under A.P. Vinogradov's and I.V. Tanayev's supervision developed methods enabling automatic control and regulation of continuous industrial processes. A group of chemists of the Volkhov Aluminum Plant was awarded the Lenin prize for finding a method of transforming nepheline into aluminum oxide along with several useful byproducts. Academician N.N.Semenov was given the Nobel prize for outstanding achievements in chemical kinetics and chain reactions. Such results were made possible by using delicate physical methods of research such as spectroscopy, X-ray analysis, radioactive isotopes, chromatography, polarography etc., and by close cooperation of teams of specialists, concentrating on the solution of one There are 5 photos, 3 graphs and 3 references, all of which common problem at a time. are Slavic (Russian).

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress

Card 2/2

VOL'FKOVICH. S.I.; KUSKOV, V.K.

Chemistry of fertilizers and insectofungicides. Yest. Mosk. un.
Ser. mit.mskn. astron., fiz., knim. 12 no. 6:125-136'57.
(MEA 11:10)

1. Kefedra khimicheskoy tekhnologi: Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta.

(Agricultural chemicals)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001860430005-4 **《新教》的文字是《新教》的文字的对话的是一个文字的文字的文字的文字的文字的文字的文字**

AUTHOR:

Vol'fkovich, S. I., Academician

32-10-5/32

TITLE:

Comments

PERIODICAL:

Zavodskaya Laboratoriya, 1957, Vol. 23, Nr. Lo, pp. 1171-1172 (USSR).

ABSTRACT:

The author summarizes in his report the successes achieved by Soviet science in the field of phosphate-analysis and the control of the production of phosphate fertilizers in the USSE in connection with the 4oth anniversary of the October revolution and states that this field had to pass through the stages of evolution, like all the others. The main problem consisted in accelerating the analysis and designing them in a permanent process. Since the years about 1930, the antiquated methods were replaced by the practical application of photocolorimeric methods of determination of P20g and subsequently also of Al203, Fe203, SiC2, F, Can and SO3 (according to 3. V. Mikhal' chuk, E. B. Brutskus and F. E. Oshercvich). The manufacture of the first loo photocolorimeter-apparatuses which were satisfactorily used in both plants and scientific institutes, are a consequence of these works. Previously 18 hours were required for the separation of P205

Card 1/3

for an experimental process with Piterman-solution, whereas it takes now only 30 minutes Chepelevetskiy and Osherovich in 1952 developed

32-10-5/32

Comments

a new method of phosphate analysis for ion-exchange-resins which proved practical and cheap. Due to the use of new agents of regeneration in the phosphomolybdenum complex, new methods of photocoloriant determination of the P2O5 - concentrations were developed metric determination of the P2O5 - concentrations were developed metric determination.

which have been practiced by works-laboratories up till now. This work by investigation is continued now, in order to achieve further acceleration, reduction in price, and automation of the methods. The new methods of determination of fluorine which were proposed last, are of special importance in this respect. Up to now, these methods were usually connected with great difficulties. M. L. Chepe= levetskiy made a new invention with which the usual turbidimetric and nephelometric methods were replaced by the latest "turbidimetric titration according to flattening of a maximum" is said to offer sper cial practical advantages. The elaborate investigations by L. V. Vladimirov in the analysis with the application of complexons are an outstanding contribution in this field. Finally the spectroscopic ana lysis and the electron microscopy are always more frequently applied for this purpose, mainly for the clearing up of the difficulties aris sing with the flotation of some natural phosphates. Nevertheless, as is stated here, a great many problems, such as the automation of control and suitable production management, still remain to be solved in order to make this extremely important branch of Soviet chemical industry perfect.

Card 2/3

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860430005-4 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

Vol'fkovieh,

32-11-60/60 Vol' fkovich, S., Academician, Brutskus, Ye., Mikhal'chuk, B. (Scientific-Editorial Council of the Periodical AUTHORS:

"Zavodskaya Laboratoriya").

Mark L'vovich Chepelevetskiy. On the Occasion of his 6oth Birthday (Mark L'vovich Chepelevetskiy. K 60-letiyu so dnya rozhdeniya). TITLE:

Zavodskaya Laboratoriya, 1957, Vol. 23, Nr 11, pp. 1399-11100 (USSR). PERIODICAL:

On October 16, 1957, Mark L'vovich Chepelevetskiy celebrated his 60th birthday. He is Doctor of Chemical Sciences, professor, and ABSTRACT:

specialist in the following fields: analytical chemistry, modern methods of physical chemical analysis and their application in chemical analysis and their application analysis and their application and their application analysis and their application and the chemical analysis analysis and the chemical a mical technology. He finished his studies at the technological faculty of the agricultural institute imeni Plekhanov, where he was then appointed assistent to the professor for analytical and anora ganic chemistry Shilov. At present he has the chair for analytical chemistry at the institute for chemical technology imeni M. V. Lomonosov, and for the past 20 years he has been a member of the edito

rial council of the periodical "Zavodskaya Laboratoriya". He is the author of more than 50 scientific papers on the production pro-

cesses of phosphorus-manures and salts and on new methods of analysis. He was the first to find out that the ion exchange of haloid

Card 1/2

Mark L'vovich Chepelevetskiy. On the Occasion of his 6oth Birthday. 32-11-60/60 ions in the solution of lycopodium haloid salts with the carbon anionite (HCO3 - content) leads to the renewed reaction of the formation of insoluble carbonates. He suggested the following methods: Examination of the Rinetic equation for the velocity of the formas tion and growth of crystals by measuring the duration of the latent

crystallization periods; the "phototurbidimetric" indication method of the point of equivalence in titration; - various analyses of manure etc. Importance is attached to his works concerning the devehopment of the theories of Kurnakov in the field of the dissolution

of solid substances in acids.

7:

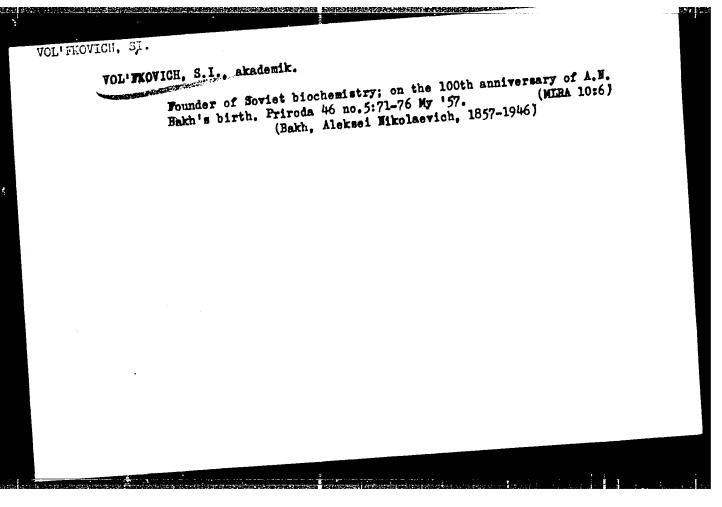
ASSOCIATION: Scientific Editorial Council of the Periodical "Zavodskaya Labora" toriya". Scientifical Institute for Brtilizers & Insecticides (Nauch-

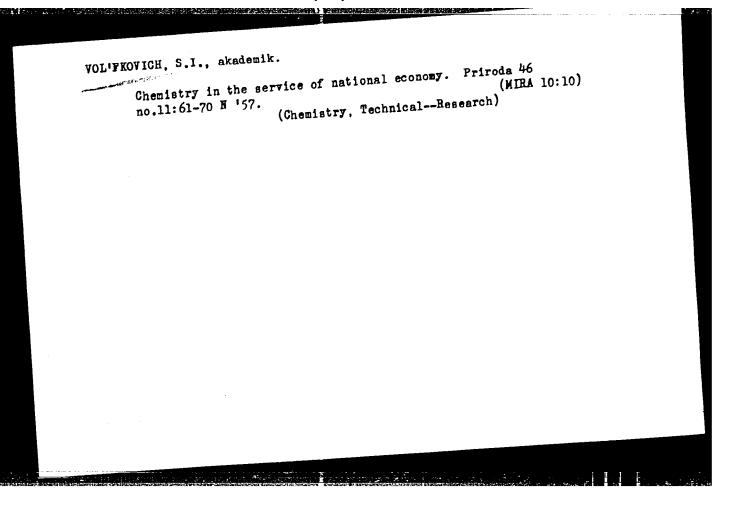
no-redaktsionnyy sovet zhurnala "Zavodskaya Laboratoriya". Nauchnyy

Institut po udobreniyam i insektofungisidam).

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress.

Card 2/2





Card 1/8	Synthetics	Korebak, V.V.	Delgoplosk, B Synthetic	Amdrianov, K. in the Mat	Hedvedev, 3.3.	Vol'Ekovich,	Eargin, V.A.	STATESTI	Chemistry of	Bullet	TABLE OF CONTENTS:	KARGIN, VAA S(3) by PAA Abdeely Davis SSSR. Abdeely Davis SSSR. Charly Davis SSSR. Chesisty Davis SSSR. PRIPOSE This book issuants from the column of the committee of the
	Inexhaustible Sources for the Production of	The Rivals of Metal, Stone, and Wood	B.A., and K. Piotrovskiy. The	Amdrianov, E.A. Silicon Organic Compounds and Other Polymers in the Mational Economy	. Synthetic Rubber	Vol'Trovich, S.I. Chemistry and Abundance	Chemistry Produces Materials Unknown in Mature	SYNTHETIC MATERIALS: PLASTICS, PIBERS, RUBBER AND THEIR APPLICATION	Chamistry of Large Molecules (Cont.)		ENTS:	SE I BOOK EXPLOIT stiletul; sbornik stition of Articles) Akadesiya nakk Sopks printed. Stopks printed. Stopks printed. Stopks printed. Stopks printed for a tho bave had no trinual for propagation of articles were purely sees printed stopks science, settles planty sees of arcelerate, sees of arcelerate, plastice, and ortices, plastice, and ortices, and this plastices, and ortices, and of high-moleculary, and the stopk belongs to see purely stops of sciences, action. No references.
	Production of 122	and Wood 119	The Chemistry of 112	and Other Polymers 103	100		Unknown in Mature 81	, RUBBER AUD	307/1589			ARION SOV/1589 atey (Chemistry of Large South From From From From From From From From

VOL'FKOVICH, Semen Isackovich; FAYNBOYM, I.B., red.; TROFIMOV, tekhn.red.

[Development of chemistry in China] Razvitie khimii v Kitae.

(Noskva, Ind-vo "Znanie," 1958. 19 p. (Vsesoiuznos obshchestvo koskva, Ind-vo "Znanie," 1958. 19 p. (vsesoiuznos obshchestvo po resporastraneniiu politicheskikh i nauchnykh snanii. Ser. 8.

(MIRA 12:1)

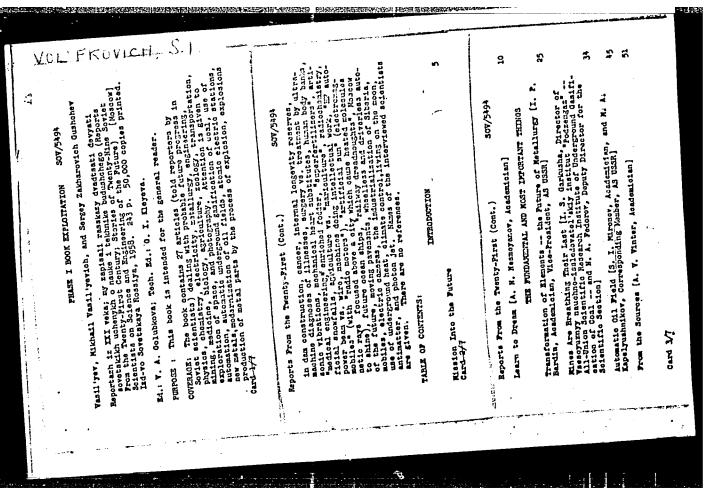
(China--Chemistry)

KOZLOV, Vladimir Veniaminovich, prof.; Vol. FKOVICH, S.I., akademik, red.;
BANKVITSER, A.L., red. izd-va; FOLTAKOVA, T.V., tekhn.red.

[History of chemical societies of the U.S.S.R.] Ocherki istorii
khimicheskikh obshchestv SSSR, Pod red. S.I. Vol. fkovicha.
khimicheskikh obshchestv SSSR, 1958. 609 p.

(MIRA 12:1)

(Chemical societies)



	1
Reports From the Twenty-First (Cont.) Power Resources in the Year 2007 [V. I. Popkov, Corresponding Member, AS USSR] Farkhad's New Hammer [G. I. Pokrovskiy, Professor] IN THE NAME OF LIFE AND PLENTY	55 61
Biology Will Become an Exact Science [V. A. Engel'gardt, Acad emician, Head of the Biology Department, AS USSR] emician, Head of the Biology Department, As usually condidate of	73
Medical Science apparatury 1 instruments]	77 83
Experimental Surgical Apparatus and Experimental Surgical Apparatus and The Golden Age of Plenty Is Coming [S. I. Vol'fkovich, Academician] At One Table With Poseidon [L. A. Zenkevich, Corresponding Member, USSR, Chief of the Department of Zoology of Inverted Member, USSR, Chief of the Department of Zoology of Inverted brates of the Faculty of Biology at Moscow University]	
	e komunicacione de

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860430005-4 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

30-58-3-13/45 Vol'fkovich, S. I., Member, Academy of Sciences

Transactions of the Congress for Industrial Chemistry in AUTHOR: TITLE:

Athens (Na kongresse industrial noy khimii v Afinakh)

Nr 3, Vestnik Akademii Nauk SSSR, 1958,

PERIODICAL: pp. 68-71 (USSR)

The 30th international congress took place in 1957, which was called in view of conferring on new works in the field of ABSTRACT:

chemistry and chemical technology. This congress ought to serve at the same time for the intensification of personal contacts between the scientists and engineering functionaries of various countries. The congress was attended by 1100 delegates from 31 countries. The Soviet delegation consisted

of N. N. Semenov (leader of the delegation), N. M. Zhavoronkov, A. G. Kasatkin, S. F. Bulushev, S. V. Rogozhin, I. V.

Aleksandrov, D. L. Margolin, M. N. Shteding and S. I. Vol'fkovich. The first plenary session was held in the antique Herodot-theater on the acropolis. Approximately 100 reports

were delivered in the meetings of the 16 sections; the Soviet delegation was only able to hear a few of them. I. Kukharskiy

Card 1/4

Transactions of the Congress for Industrial Chemistry in Athens 30-58-3-13/45

(Poland) reported on the neutralization of acid waters by means of calcium and dolomite filters in the section "Drinking- and Industrial Waters". B. Shodur, G. Landsperskiy, V. Makhaseki and I. Mali (Czechoslovakia) reported on the physical and chemical conditions of the production of uranic nitrate crystals of a size of up to 100 micron. Z. Dlushi, I. Kuttsenderer and I. Mali (Czechoslovakia) gave results of investigations on kinetics, absorption and desorption of radio-elements on different surfaces. N. N. Semenov reported in the section dealing with the process of reaction of the oxidation of hydrocarbons. The author mentions in this connection that this lecture met with great interest and that it was considered by the leaders of the congress as one of the most significant ones. S. Tsiborovskiy (Poland) spoke about the nature of the developed method of hydration by Azeton. S. I. Vol'fkovich considered the results of investigation of the hydrothermic process of the processing of phosphates. N. M. Zhavoronkov reported on the organization of higher chemical education in the USSR - in the section

Card 2/4

Transactions of the Congress for Industrial Chemistry in Athens 30-58-3-13/45

"Organization of Chemical Education, of Scientific Work and Industry". A brief review of the works of the congress was given in the last plenary session and honorary diplomas were handed over to some chemists for their productibe work in the field of sciences and engineering. A series of receptions was arranged for the congressionists and an excellent performance of the tragedy by Sophokles: "Antigone" was shown in the antique Herodot-theater. A series of excursions to chemical, metallurgical and mining enterprises, as well as to archaeological excavations and museums made the congressionists acquainted with the modern industry and antique civilization of Greece. An exhibition and sale of chemical literature published in USA, England, France the German Federal Republic and the German Democratic Republic took place at the congress. At the final banquet the leaders of the congress pointed out the great importance of the great number of meetings of the chemical scientists from various countries for the progress in science and engineering. The rapidly increasing influence of chemistry on the prosperity and health of mankind was equally stated

Card 3/4

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Transactions of the Congress for Industrial Chemistry in Athens 30-58-3-13/45 and it was appealed to a further increase of the exchange of experiences and of contacts in the field of scientific works. It was decided to held the next, the 31st International Congress for Industrial Chemistry in Liège (Belgium) in September 1958.

Card 4/4

5(1) AUTHOR:

Tol fkovlete, S. I.

507/55-53-4-28/51

TITIE:

Hydrothermic Treatment of Natural Phosphatos for Lucging (Gidrotermicheskaya perprabatka privodnykh fesfatov na

udobreniya)

PERIODICAL: Vestnik Moskovskogo universiteta, Sariya

1958, Nr 4, 19 015-002 (USSE)

ABSTRACT:

The present paper is the elaboration of a lacture given at the Lomonosev lastures in the Moreov University concerning the research of thosphanes in general and the introduction of the hydrothermic propess for the treatment of material phosphates for langing in the Saviet Inion. This process san started in USA during the Second Greet Wen 1539-1945. In the Seviet Union the Isberatory of Fire East Mechaeles, of the Motock Poder Engineering Institute (Processor N.A.Semocacho) together with BICIF and Birokkir investigate the Answican promuse. The outhor werbions the fallowing diviet contributions in this sections

Card 1/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860430005-4" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

Hydrothermic Trastment of Natural Phosphates

507/35-35-1-28/31

for Dunging

A.I.Shereshavakiy, N.Ya.Pastov, S.K.Erayaar [Ref 5]; 7.V.

Tilerimary, N.N.Postnikov, R.Ya.eesen, A.A.Thass (all in the Tilerimary) / Ref 9]; A.M.Malets, I.M.Masain / Ref 10]— Laboratory NIUTF) / Ref 9]; A.M.Malets, I.M.Masain / Ref 10]— Laboratory of the Moscow State University; E.Brituic, R.Teselovakiy, of the Moscow State University; E.Brituic, R.Teselovakiy, There are 12 references, 9 of which are Soviat, 6 American, and 1 Germen.

ASSOCIATION: Kefedra khimicheskoy takhnologii (Chair of Chanical Technology)

SUBMITTED: August 5,1957

SOV/65-5-5-17: 15 Vol'fkovich, S.I., Academician Isaak Il'ich Kitaygorodskiy (Isaak Il ich Kitaygoroichi) AUTHOR: 70th Anniversary (K 70-letiyu so dnya rezhdeniya) TITLE: Khimicheshaya nauka i promyshlennosti, 1958, Vol III, Nr 6. PERIODICAL: pr 812-815 (USSR) Professor Kitaygorodskiy is an innovator in the field or glass technology and an active organizer of the Soviet glass in. dustry. In 1925-26 he investigated the crystallization pro-ABSTRACT: perties of glass in the system Na₂O-CaO-MgO-Al₂O₃-SiO₂. He developed the thin-layer method of glass production, for which he was rewarded by the Stalin Prize in 1941. In 1932 he invented foar glass which is used as a heet and sound insulator. In 1941-45 he developed the ceramic synthesis for the production of highly resistant materials. like glass cement. He proposed the electric melting of glass. He published the following works: "Theory and Practice of Accelerated Drawing of Glass", "Zone Formation and Drawing Speed of the Furko Band", "Methods for Increasing the Productivity of Furko Machines". The speed of glass drawing in Soviet plants is now 120 - 150 m/h compared to 40 m in former times. Kitay-Card 1/2

Isaak II ich Eitaygorodskiy. 70th Anniversary 50V/63-3-6-17/43

gorodskiy developed a theory for the hot molding of mirror surfices and invented new glass types for electric bulbs and rulic tubes.

Card 2/2

11(4) AUTHORS:

SOV/30-58-12-45/46 Vol'fkovich, S. I., Academician,

Lozgachev, P. M., Candidate of Technical Sciences

TITLE:

Mendeleyev and Russian Petroleum (Mendeleyev i russkoye

neftyanoye delo)

PERIODICAL:

Vestnik Akademii nauk SSSR, 1958, Nr 12, pp 109-110 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

This is a review of the book written under the above title by V. Ye. Parkhomenko; it was published by the publishing house of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR in an edition of 3000 copies. The book has 267 pages. Price: 18 Rubles.

Card 1/1

VOL'EMOVICH, S.I.

Outlook for the chemical industries in Eastern Siberia. Izv.Sib.otd.
(MIRA 12:3)

AN SSSR no.12:51-60 '58.

1. Otdoleniye khimicheskikh nauk AN SSSR.
(Siberia, Eastern-Chemical industries)

Mook in Jer B	Hydrothermal processing of natural phosphates for fertilizers. Vest. Hydrothermal processing of natural phosphates for fertilizers. Vest. Mydrothermal processing of natural phosphates for fertilizers. Vest. (MIRA 12:4)						
1. Kafedra khi	micheskoy tekhnologii Mor (Phosphates)	skovskogo universit	eta.				

VOL'TKOVICH, S.I., akademik

Toward prosperity, banku i zhizn' 25 no. 6:1-2 Jo 198. (HIRA 11:8)

1. hauchnyy rukovoditel' Nauchnc-insledovatel'skogo institute po udobroniyam i insektofungisidam inent Yo. V. Samoylova.

(Agricultural chemicals)

VOL'FKOVICH, S.I.; LOZGACHEV, P.M., kand.tekhn.nauk

"D.I. Mendeleev and the Russian petroleum industry" by V.E.

Parkhomenko. Reviewed by S.I. Vol'fkovich, P.M. Lozgachev.

Parkhomenko. Rozlection D'58.

(MERA 11:12)

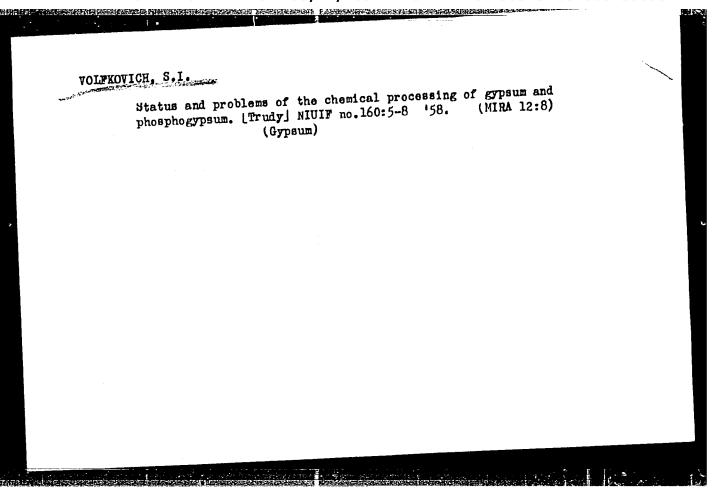
Vest.AN SSSR 28 no.12:109-110 D'58.

(Mendeleev, Dmitrii Ivanovich, 1834-1907)

(Petroleum industry) (Parkhomenko, V.E.)

VOL'FKOVICH, S.I.; SOKOLOVA, T.I.; KULAGINA-SMIRNOVA, Z.G.; KNYAZEVA, K.P.

Carbonization process for production of cryolite from fluorosilicate gases. Zhur. prikl.khim. 31 no.7:969-976 J1 '58. (MIRA 11:9) (Cryolite) (Fluorosilicate)



CELETSEANU, I.; LAPITSKIY, A.V.

Study of thorium complex formation by methods of ion exchange, infrared spectroscopy, and nuclear magnetic resonance. Dokl.AN (MIRA 15:5) SSR 144 no.3:573-575 My '62.

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M.V. Lomonosova. Predstavleno akademikoa S.I.Vol'fkovichem. (Thorium compounds)

RYABENKO, A.Ys., glavnyy red.; VINOGRADOV, A.P., red.; VOL'FKOVICH, S.I., red.; ZHAVGROHKOV, N.M., red.; IVANOV, M.I., red.; KISELEV, V.S., red.; LUNACHARKATA, I.A., red.; MEDVHIEV, S.S., red.; MELVHIK, B.D., red.; PLANOVSKIY, A.N., red.; TCPCHITEV, A.V., red.; ROMM, R.S., red.; POGUNKIN, P.V., tekhn.red.

[Chemical industry of the U.S.S.R.] Khimicheskaia promyshlennost!

SSSR. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.isd-vo khim.lit-ry, 1959, 457 p.

(MIRA 13:4)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-tekhnicheskiy komitet.

(Chemical industries)

LUK'YANOV, Pavel Mitrofanovich; VOL'FKOVICH, S.I., akademik, otv.red.;
BANKVITSKR, A.L., red.izd-va

[Brief history of the chemical industry of the U.S.S.R.; from the beginning of the chemical industry in Russia to the present day] Kratkaia istoriia khimicheskoi promyshlennosti SSSR; ot vozniknoveniia khimicheskoi promyshlennosti v Rossii do nashikh vozniknovenii v Rossii do nashikh vozniknovenii v Rossii do nashikh vozniknovenii v Rossii v Rossi

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/2867

5(1)

Vol'fkovich, S. I., Z. A. Rogovin, Yu. P. Rudenko, and

- I. V. Shmanenkov Obshchaya khimicheskaya tekhnologiya, t. 2 (General Chemical Technology, Vol 2) Moscow, Goskhimizdat, 1959. 848 p. Errata slip inserted. 25,000 copies printed.
- Ed. (Title page): S. I. Vol'fkovich, Academician; Eds. (Inside book): N. S. Avramova and G. P. Luchinskiy; Tech. Eds.: V. F. Zazul'skaya and P. V. Pogudkin.
- PURPOSE: The book is intended as a standard reference on general chemical technology for students at chemical and technological institutes as well as for chemistry departments of universities and polytechnic vuzes. The text may also serve as a manual for engineers and technicians in industrial enterprises and for personnel of scientific research institutes.
- COVERAGE: The book, the second of two volumes on general chemical technology, describes electrothermal processes, technology of silicates, production of ferrous, nonferrous, and rare metals,

Card 1/36

General Chemical Technology, Vol 2

SOV/2867

the technology of nuclear processes, basic organic synthesis, and high molecular weight compounds. Concise information on fine chemical technology and the dyestuff industry is also given. Chapters XX_XXII of Part 6, Section 1 and 2 of Chapter XXIX, Part 9, Section 3 of Chapter XXXVII, Part 10, and Chapter XIVI were written by S. I. Vol'fkovich. Chapters XXIII_XXVII (except Section 3 of Chapter XXIV) and Chapter XXVIII (except Section 6) were written by I. V. Shmanenkov; Chapters XXII_XXXVIII, by Yu. P. Rudenko; Chapters XL - XLIV, by Z. A. Rogovin. Sections of the course which had not been included in the original program of Volume II were written by the following authors: Section 6 of Chapter XXVIII, by N. M. Sobinyakova; Section 3 of Chapter XXIX, Chapter XXXX and Sections 1, 2, and 4 of Chapter XXXI, by XXXI, by Ye. P. Dergunov; Chapter XXXIX, by M. A. Chekalin; Section 3 of Chapter XXIV and Chapter XXXIX, by M. A. Chekalin; The authors thank P. P. Budnikov, N. N. Vorozhtsov, N. A. S. V. L'vov, N. N. Postnikov, N. N. Vorozhtsov, N. A. S. V. L'vov, N. N. Postnikov, N. V. Solomin, G. V. Uvarov, I. I. /deceased/ for preparing the section, "Basic Organic Synthesis." Card 2/36

FEDOROVICH, Ryurik Mikhaylovich; Vol. KOVICH, S.I., akademik, red.;

KONDRASHKOVA, S.F., red.; GERGITEVA, C.T., tekhn.red.

[Measurements of pressure. Elements of sutomatic control;
laboratory practices in chemical engineering] Izmerenie davlelaboratory Moskva, Izd-vo Mosk.

(MIRA 12:12)

(Pressure regulators)

(Pressure gauges)

(Automatic control)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860430005-4 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

5(1) AUTHORS:

Vol'fkovich, S. I., Turchin, F. V., loffe, Ta. A., Levin, A. M.

507/64-59-2-5/23

TITLE:

Prospects of the Production and Application of Mineral Fertilizers

in East Siberia (Perspektivy proizvodstva i primeneniya

mineral'nykh udobreniy v Vostochnoy Sibiri)

PERIODICAL:

Khimicheskaya promyshlennost', 1959, Nr 2, pp 112-115 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

If all seed areas in East Siberia (ES) were to be supplied with mineral fertilizers (MF) in the normal dosage, a yearly amount of 408000 T of N2, 426000 T of P2O5, and 514000 T of K2O would be

necessary. Data concerning this subject published by the Sovet po izucheniyu proizvoditel'nykh sil pri AN SSSR (SOPS) (Courcil for the Study of Productive Forces at the AS USSR (SOPS) are lower because woods and meadows were not taken into account With respect to the industrial development in (ES) for the coming 7-10 years a yearly amount of 60000 T of N2, 100000 T of P205, and 60000 T of

K20 would be necessary for a systematic supply and according to

pre-calculations for the year 1975 (for 6600000 hectares) 205000 T of N2, 211000 T of P2C5, and 180000 T of K20. The

Card 1/3

Prospects of the Production and Application of Kineral Fertilizers in East Siberia

907/64-59-2-5/23

assortment of the (MF) should consist mainly of concentrated (MF) in order to reduce transportation costs. The high percentage of transportation costs in the price of simple superphosphate is transportation costs in the price of simple superphosphate is illustrated in a table for 3 works of fertilizers (Table). Besides illustrated in a table for 3 works of fertilizers (Table). Besides ammonium nitrate, urea (with 43% N₂) is an important MF as well as

the combined nitrogen-phosphorus-potassium fertilizers are an important branch of production; in this connection nitric acid treatment of phosphates to nitrophos and nitrophoska is of special interest. For the development of a phosphorus fertilizer industry by extraction of phosphoric acid from natural phosphates only the remote Noril'sk complies with the corresponding prerequisites. The following deposits are taken into consideration for the production of MF in ES: The problem of exploitation of the gypsur deposits in the Irkutsk and other areas has still to be investigated. The phosphorite deposits at the Katanga, the area of investigated. The phosphorite deposits at the katanga, the area of the tributary of the Yenisey-Podkamennaya Tunguska (Ref 1), which are already being exploited, as well as the areas near Slyudanka and on the Lake Baykal, the phosphorite deposits between the Angara-Ili district and the Bratsk Electric-power Station as well

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001860430005-4 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

Prospects of the Production and Application of Mineral

SOV/64-59-2-5/23

Fertilizers in East Siberia

as the biggest phosphorite deposits of Khibiny and Kara Tau. The three power plants in Bratsk, Krasnoyarsk, and Yeniseysk are regarded as the basis of the production of concentrated fertilizers from electrothermal phosphoric acid, the capacity of which is computed. Potassium fertilizers will not be produced in ES before 1965, they will be supplied from Berezniki and Solikamsk. Borine fertilizers may be produced from the Kara Tau phosphorites containing 36% P205 and 7-8% H3BO3. According to approximate calculations, capital investment for a complete supply of ES with nitrogen- and phosphorus fertilizers will be approximately 4 billion rubles. If potassium and phosphorus prospecting proves to be successful and the necessary industry will be built up in ES, the total sum of capital investment will rise to about 5,2 billion rubles. There are 1 table and 4 Soviet references.

Card 3/3

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860430005-4 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

22(1)

SOV/3-59-5-18/34

AUTHOR:

Vol'fkovich, S.I., Academician; Mukhlenov, P.P.,

Professor; Averbukh. A.Ya., Docent.

TITLE:

Courses in General Chemical Technology

PERIODICAL:

Vestnik vysshey shkoly, 1959, Nr 5, pp 60 - 65

(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In connection with the 7-year Plan the author stresses the necessity of training chemist-technologists and chemist-researchers with a broad scientific-technical outlook and profound understanding of chemical engineering. To this end instruction in chemical technology must be properly organized at technological institutes and universi-

ties. Contemporary chemical technology makes a broad use of the basic laws, regulations and methods of chemistry, physics, physical chemistry, as well

as of mechanics, thermotechnics, electrical engineering and several other theoretical and economic

Card 1/3

subjects. Being the generalizing and basic course,

SOV/3-59-5-18/34

The Courses in General Chemical Technology

"General Chemical Technology" combines the enumerated subjects with industrial production. It elucidates the basic directions, methods and means of development of chemical production. To make teaching of general chemical technology specific, the reading of lectures on this subject must go parallel with technological laboratory work, calculation exercises and industrial training. All these forms of instruction must be founded on a profound theoretical basis and with due regard to the technical economic aspects. It is equally important to disclose to the student the advantages offered by the socialist planned economy for solving technological problems on the basis of cooperation and combination of various industrial processes, complex reprocessing of raw-material and rational geographical distribution of industry, as well as for solving problems of intensification and automation of pro-

Card 2/3

SOV/3-59-5-18/34

The Courses in General Chemical Technology

duction, raising productivity of labor, etc. It is important to know all this since it is intended to establish during the current 7-Year Plan, large combined enterprises, particularly with the complex re-processing of gases in oil recovery, of natural gases, and of gases produced by oil-refining plants and of other kinds of mineral raw material. The author indulges in extensive comments on teaching general chemical technology, and on how the course should be built up under the new working conditions of the blaker saled. In a few cases the author points out the experiences of the Leningrad Technological Institute and Moscow University.

ASSOCIATION: Moskc wkiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni M.V. Lomonosova (Moscow State University imeni M.V. Lomonosov (Vol'fkovich); Leningradskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut imeni Lensoveta (Leningrad Tech-

nological Institute imeni Lensovet (Mukhlenov and

Card 3/3

5(0) AUTHORS: Vol'fkovich, S. I., Academician SOV/30-59-5-35/43 Zhavoronkov, N. M., Corresponding Member, Academy of Sciences,

USSR

TITLE:

At the American Congress of Chemical Engineers (Na amerikans-

kom kongresse inzhenerov-khimikov)

PERIODICAL:

Vestnik Akademii nauk SSSR, 1959, Nr 5, pp 119-125 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The American Society of Chemical Engineers, upon whose invitation the authors of the present paper paid a visit to the USA, celebrated the 50th anniversary of their foundation last year. The Jubilee Congress of the Society was held in Philadelphia (USA) from June 22 to 27, 1958, with the participation of about 2,000 persons, among whom were 102 delegates of other countries. In the 22 scientific-technical sections more than 90 lectures were delivered concerning various problems of chemical technology, economy, organization of production and chemical engineering training. Brief outlines of mos: part of the lectures were distributed among the participants. The authors of this paper mention a great number of lectures, all of which were delivered by American scientists, and they state that some thousands of chemical engineers in the USA

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At the American Congress of Chemical Engineers

sov/30-59-5-35/43

are working in atomic research at present. The authors stress the friendly attitude and the hospitality offered to $t^{\rm ho}$ Soviet delegates by the heads of the organizational c and by many US scientists. In many speeches and lectu American scientists and leading personalities of the cae mical industry mentioned the rapid development and the success achieved by science, technology and higher education in the USSR. Although to a limited extent, the authors were offered the possibility of participating in excursions to some scientific research institutes and to industrial enterprises. The visit paid to a scientific research laboratory for the chemical technology of mineral fertilizers is recalled as having been of special interest, and the very extensive use of liquid fertilizers made in the USA is pointed out. Mention is also made of the factory "Plastics and Coal Chemical Division" concerned with the processing of pit coal, bitumen, and organic synthesis, and it is stated that the procedure introduced a short time ago in the above factory for the production of phenol and acetone does not essentially differ from the one worked out very much earlier in the USSR by P. G. Sergeyev and his co-workers. The fact is emphasized in conclusion, that the

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At the American Congress of Chemical Engineers

SOV/30-59-5-35/43

Soviet delegates were given the possibility of getting acquainted with some achievements of American chemical engineering and of entering in personal contact with American scientists and industrial representatives, whose great hospitality is mentioned again. At a press conference in Philadelphia and during a lunch with the professors of the Massachusetts Technological Institute the USSR delegates explained some achievements of Soviet Chemistry and answered questions concerning the development of the chemical industry and the organization of chemical higher education in the USSR. The hope is expressed that this exchange of opinions may serve to consolidate the friendly relations and the exchange of scientific achievements in the field of chemistry between the two countries.

Card 3/3

5 (1.) AUTHOR:

Vol'fkovich, S. I.

907/62-59-5-1/40

TITLE:

The Main Tasks of Scientific Research in Chemistry to Promote the Development of Industry in East Siberia (Osnovnyye zadachi nauchno-issledovatel'skoy raboty po khimii v pomoshch' razvitiyu

promyshlennosti Vostochnoy Sibiri)

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh nauk,

1959, Nr 5, pp 763 - 769 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

This article is a report given at the meeting of the chemical section of the Conference on the Development of the Production Capacity of East Siberia, held in Irkutsk on August 22, 1958. The main directions of scientific research are discussed, to secure a quick development and increase of the production capacity in East Siberia. Co-operation of the various branches of the chemical industry is considered one of the most important tasks. Mechanical engineering factories producing chemical machines shall participate in this co-operation. Among the many industrial branches to be developed are: utilization of SO₂

waste gases of non-ferrous metallurgy in the Chita Region; processing of the sulphurous sillimanites of the Buryatiya to

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The Main Tasks of Scientific Research in Chemistry 507/62-59-5-1/40 to Promote the Development of Industry in East Siberia

pyrite; processing of the large gypsum deposits situated near coal deposits to H2SO4 and cement; electrochemical production of caustic soda and H2SO4 from mirabilite; production of scdium sulfate and sodium sulfide from the salt lakes at Minusinsk, Chita and Buryatiya. Sodium is to be produced from hard rook salt, as a substitute for magnesium in titanium production. Extensive research work is brought about by the establishment of new factories of mineral fertilizers. In connection with it, the technological, agrochemical, and techno-economic methods of investigation shall be developed. The conditions for hydrogen factories in East Siberia are very favorable because the power plants offer inexpensive current. A number of organizational measures have to be taken in order to realize the most important research and experimental work. Two research centers of the Akademiya nauk SSSR (Academy of Sciences USSR) will therefore be established in Novosibirsk and Irkutsk; six chemical institutes will co-operate. In addition, a sufficient number of large laboratories shall be established. It is stated at the end of the report that Russia will profit immensely from the development of chemistry in East Siberia.

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sov/25-59-6-14/49

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AUTHOR:

Vol'fkovich, S.I. Academician, Vice-Chairman of the Commi-

"ttee"

TITLE:

The Eighth Mendeleyev Congress

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PERIODICAL:

Nauka i zhizni, 1959, Nr 6, pp 31-33 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The author gives a brief review of the preceding 7 Mendeleyev congresses, and of the Eighth Congress which was devoted
to general and applied chemistry. It took place in Moscow
from 16 to 27 March, 1950, and was attended by 2,600 Goviet
and 200 foreign delegates including the USA. Approximately
and 200, and on some days up to 9,000, other persons partici3,000, and on some days up to 9,000, other persons participated. This Congress was marked by the 90th anniversary of
the discovery of the periodic law of chemical elements, and
the 125th anniversary of Mendeleyev's birth. Academician A.
N. Nesmeyanov delivered a report on the subject "D.I. MenN. Nesmeyanov delivered a report on the subject "D.I. Menin which he expounded several general laws characterizing
in which he expounded several general laws characterizing
the organic compound of elements. Academician V.I. Spitsyn,
in his lecture on the present state of the periodic law,

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The Eighth Mendeleyev Congress

gave an account of the most important stages of its development. V.S. Fedorov, Chairman of the State Committee of the USSR Council of Ministers on Chemistry, told the Congr ss of the great tasks of scientific-technical progress in the chemical industry. Academician V.A. Kargin delivered a report on the basic problems of the chemistry of polymers. Academician N.N. Semenov's report dealt with the "Basic Problems of Chemical Kinetics", in which he generalized the most important results of present-day research in the velocity of chemical reactions. Academician A.P. Vinogradov described the basic problems of radiochemistry, and expounded the direction in which the use of radioactive isotopes and nuclear radiation for the synthesis and polimerization of organic compounds is developing. He expressed the opinion that the national-economic effect from the utilization of radioisotopes and sources of radiation in engineering will be commensurable with the effect of building atomic electric power plants. Academician V.A. Engel'gardt elucidated the presentday problems of biochemistry on the basis of the latest

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The Eighth Mendeleyev Congress

research. Professor A.V. Sokolov devoted his report to the basic tasks of chemistry in agriculture. Ya.K. Syrkin, Corresponding Member of the AS USSR, delivered a report on the problem of valency in its present state. He showed that theory permits one to predict the properties and structure of a number of organic compounds. Academician A.P. Aleksandrev gave in his report "The Chemical Aspects of Applying Atomic Energy" a review of the methods of the present and prospective use of atomic energy in chemical engineering. B.V. Wikolayev, Director of the Institut khimicheshogo mashinestroyeniya (Institute of Chemical Machine Building) lectured on the basic tasks of chemical apparatus and machine building. He told of new principles taken as a basis for making highly productive equipment for the chemical industry. There is I photograph.

ASSOCIATION:

Orgkomitet VIII Mendeleyevskogo s"yezda (Organization Committee of the Eighth Mendeleyev Congress)

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VOL'FKOVICH. S.I.; IONASS, A.A.; POSTNIKOV, N.N.; REMEN, R.Ye.; SIDEL'DOVSKIY, L.N.; SHURYGIN, A.P.; DEREVITSKIY, P.F.; YAGODINA, T.N.

Hydrothermal process of defluorination of natural phosphates in a cyclone furnace. Khim.prom. no.8:674-680 D '59. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Nauchnyy institut po udobreniyam i insektofungisidam im. Ya.V. Samoylova i Moskovskiy energeticheskiy institut im. Molotova. (Phosphates)

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sov/63-4-3-16/31

AUTHORS:

Vol'fkovich, S.I., Academician, Zhavoronkov, N.M., Corresponding Member

of the AS USSR

TITLE:

Jubilee Congress of the American Society of Chemical Engineers

PERIODICAL:

Khimicheskaya nauka i promyshlennost', 1959, Vol 4, Nr 3,

pp 383-386 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

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The American Institute of Chemical Engineers celebrated its 50th anniversary in Philadelphia in June 1958. The organization committee invited

the Soviet scientists N.M. Zhavoronkov and A.N. Planovskiy to write

reports on developments in chemical technology and opportunities extended

higher education to Soviet chemical engineers. The representatives of the USSR on the Congress

were Academician S.I. Vol'fkovich and Corresponding-Member of the AS

USSR N.M. Zhavoronkov. They conveyed greetings at the Congress from

the Academy of Sciences USSR and the All-Union Chemical Society Im

B. I. Mendeleyev

VOL'FKOVICH, S.I., akademik; GIADISHEVA, T.Kh.; GABRIYELOVA, M.G., kand. tekhn. nauk

Treating concretes and lime-silicate materials with silicon tetrafluoride. Stroi.mat. 5 no.3:31-33 Mr '59.

(Silica) (Lightweight concrete)

(Silica)

是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们也没有一个人,我们也没有一个人,他们也没有一个人,他们也没有一个人,我们也没有一个人,我们就是我们的一个人,我们就是我们的一个人, SOV/74-28-12-1/25 Kozlov, V. V., Vol'fkovich, S. I. 5(0) AUTHORS: 8th Hendeloyev Congress on General and Applied Chemistry (From-March 16 to 23, 1959, in Moscow) TITLE: Uspekhi khimii, 1959, Vol 28, Nr 12, pp 1399-1403 (USSR) PERIODICAL: This is a report on the Congress quoted in the title. In the preface, a short chronological survey of the preceding seven ABSTRACT: Congresses is given. The Congress of Chemists, bearing in honor of D. I. Mendeleyev his name, were started by the Russkoye fiziko-khimicheskoye obshchestvo (Russian Physico-chemical Society). On the 6th Congress held in Khar'kov in 1932, the Vsesoyuznoye khimicheskoye obshchestvo im. D. I. Mendeleyeva (All-Union Chemical Society imeni D. I. Mendeleyev) was established. A. N. Bakh was elected chairman. The 8th Mendeleyev Congress was convened by the All-Union Chemical Society imeni D. I. Mendeleyev, the Academy of Sciences of the USSR, the Ministerstvo khimicheskoy promyshlennosti SSSR (Ministry of Chemical Industry of the USSR) in cooperation with the Gosudarstvennyy Komitet Soveta Ministrov SSSR po khimii (State Committee of the Council of Ministers of the USSR for Chemistry) Card 1/5

507/74-28-12-1/25

8th Mendeleyev Congress or General and Applied Chemistry (From March 16 to 23, 1959, in Moscow)

and the Ministerstvo vysshego obrazovaniya SSSR (Ministry of Higher Education of the USSR) (Ref 2). The Conference was organized under the auspices of the Organization Committee directly subordinated to the Prezidium i Otdeleniye khimicheskikh nauk AN SSSR (Presidium and Department of Chemical Sciences of the AS USSR). Members of the Organization Committee were: Academician A. N. Nesmeyanov (chairman); Corresponding Member AS USSR N. M. Zhavoronkov, Doctor of Technical Sciences I. P. Losev, Academician S. I. Vol'fkovich (all vice-chairmen); Doctor of Chemical Sciences V. V. Kozlov (Scientific Chief Secretary); Academician A. Ye. Arbuzov; Academician B. A. Arbuzov; I. V. Belov of the VSNITO; Academician AS Ukrainskaya SSR A. I. Brodskiy; Academician AS Ukrainskaya SSR P. P. Budnikov; Academician A. P. Vinogradov; Professor G. D. Vovchenko; Corresponding Member AS USSR N. N. Vorozhtsov; Doctor of Chemical Sciences S. V. Gorbachev; Corresponding Member AS USSR S. N. Danilov; Academician M. M. Dubinin; Minister of High Education USSR V. P. Yelyutin; V. A. Ivanov of TsK profsoyuza rabochikh khimicheskoy promyshlennosti (Central Committee of the Labor

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SCV/74-26-12-1/25 8th Mendeleyev Congress on General and Applied Chemistry (From March 16 to 23, 1959, in Moscow)

operation and the state of the

Union of Workers of the Chemical Industry); Professor V. M. Kakabadze; Doctor of Technical Sciences V. S. Kiselev; Docent V. P. Komarov; Academician V. N. Kondrat'yev; Academician AS Latviyskaya SSR L. K. Lepin'; Academician AS Azerbaydzhanskaya SSR Yu. G. Mamedaliyev; Doctor of Chemical Sciences K. P. Mishchenko; Corresponding Member AS USSR B. V. Nekrasov; D. P. Novikov of the State Committee of the Council of Ministers of the USSR for Chemistry; Doctor of Technical Sciences A. N. Planovskiy; Deputy minister of Higher Education USSR M. A. Prokof'yev; Corresponding Member AS USSR O. N. Reutov; Doctor of Technical Sciences Z. A. Rogovin; A. Ya. Ryabenko of the State Planning Office of the USSR; Academician N. N. Semenov; Academician A. N. Terenin; Vice-chairman of the State Committee of the Council of Ministers for Chemistry S. M. Tikhomirov; Academician A. V. Topchiyev; Doctor of Chemical Sciences K. V. Topchiyeva; Member of the Board of the Ministry of Higher Education USSR N. S. Torocheshnikov; Vice-chairman of the State Committee of the Council of Ministers of the USSR for Chemistry G. V. Uvarov; Chairman of the State /

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SOV/74-28-12-1/25 8th Mendeleyev Congress on General and Applied Chemistry (From March 16 to 23, 1959, in Moscow)

Committee of the Council of Ministers of the USSR for Chemistry V. S. Fedorov; Doctor of Chemical Sciences N. A. Figurovskiy; Academician A. N. Frumkin; Academician I. I. Chernyayev; Academician M. M. Shemyakin; Academician AS Uzbekskaya SSR S. Yu. Yunusov. About 500 persons took an active part in the preparation of the Congress. The 8th Mendeleyev Congress was opened on March 16, 1959, in the hall of the Moskovskiy Gosudarstvennyy Universitet imeni M. V. Lomonosova (Moscow State University imeni M. V. Lomonosov) by the chairman of the Organization Committee, Academician A. N. Nesmeyanov. He stated, among other things, that the Academy of Sciences had considerably increased since the last Congress was held. At present, 12 chemical institutes having a broader volume alone than the whole Academy of 1934, belong to it. Chemical science comprises now, in addition, several dozens of industrial scientific research institutes, some hundreds of plant laboratories, and about 80 chemical colleges and departments. Famous scientists of the Soviet Union took an active part in all Mendeleyev Congresses. Among these: N. N. Beketov, N. A. Umov, V. I. Vernadskiy, D. P. Konovalov, A. Ye. Favorskiy, N. S. Kurnakov, A. Ye. Fersman,

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8th Mendeleyev Congress on General and Applied Chemistry (From March 16 to 23, 1959, in Moscow)

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N. D. Zelinskiy, L. A. Chugayev, V. Ye. Tishchenko, D. N. Pryanishnikov, A. N. Bakh, P. P. Lazarev, V. G. Khlopin, A. A. Baykov, S. I. Vavilov, N. A. Morozov, N. A. Shilov, V. A. Kistyakovskiy, and others. It was stated by the speaker that a delegation of scientists and chemical engineers, members of which were: A. N. Bakh, N. S. Kurnakov, N. D. Zelinskiy, E. V. Britske, A. Ye. Poray-Koshits, V. Ya. Kurbatov, and others, had offered to cooperate with the government on March 14, 1928. For this reason, the Komitet po khimizatsii narodnogo khozyaystva SSSR (Committee for the Realization of Progress in Chemistry in the National Economy of the USSR) was established. After the inaugural discourse was finished, the Prezidium Tsentral'nogo Komiteta Kommunisticheskoy partii Sovetskogo Soyuza (Presidium of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union) was, on suggestion of the chairman of the Organization Committee Professor I. P. Losev, elected Honorary Presidium of the Congress. There are 1 table and 59 references, 58 of which are Soviet.

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5(0) AUTHORS:

Kozlov, V. V., Vol'fkovich, S. I.

TITLE:

8th Mendeleyev Congress. Flenary Meetings

PERIODICAL:

Uspekhi khimii, 1959, Vol 28, Nr 12, pp 1403-1406 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

This is a report on the plenary meetings held on the 8th Mendeleyev Congress from March 16 to 23, 1959, in Moscow. From the lectures held on the plenary meetings, the following ones are mentioned: V. S. Fedorov, Chairman of the State Committee of the Council of Ministers of the USSR for Chemistry (Ref 3); V. A. Kargin (Ref 4); A. N. Nesmeyanov (Ref 5); N. N. Semenov (Ref 6); V. I. Spitsyn (Ref 7); A. F. Vinogradov (Ref 8); V. A. Engel'gardt (Ref 9); A. V. Sokolov (Ref 10); Director V. A. Engel'gardt (Ref 9); A. V. Sokolov (Ref 10); Director V. A. Engel'gardt (Ref 9); A. V. Sokolov (Ref 10); Director V. A. Engel'gardt (Ref 9); A. V. Sokolov (Ref 10); Director V. A. Engel'gardt (Ref 9); A. V. Sokolov (Ref 10); Director V. A. Engel'gardt (Ref 9); A. V. Sokolov (Ref 10); Director V. A. Engel'gardt (Ref 10); Director NIIKhimmash V. B. Nikolayev (Ref 11); Ya. K. Syrkin (Ref 12) and A. P. Aleksandrov. All lectures were devoted to basic problems of modern chemistry and technology as well as to perspective problems of science. Plenary meetings were held with: Academician A. N. Nesmeyanov, Professor I. P. Losev, Academician A. Ye. Arbuzov, Academician S. I. Vol'fkovich, Corresponding Member AS USSR N. M. Zhavoronkov, Professor V. M. Kakabadze, Academician N. N. Semenov in the chair. The activity of the

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8th Mendeleyev Congress. Plenary Meetings

sections took place from March 17 to 23, in the premises of Moscow University, at the Institut biologicheskoy i meditsinskoy khimii Akademii Meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (Institute of Biological and Medical Chemistry of the Academy of Sciences, USSR), and at the Nauchnyy institut udobreniy i insektofungitsidov im.
Ya. V. Samoylova (Scientific Institute of Fertilizers and Insecto-fungicides imeni Ya. V. Samoylov) (Ref 13).

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sov/74-28-12-3/25

5(0) AUTHORS: Kozlov, V. V., Vol'fkovich, S. I.

TITLE:

8th Mendeleyev Congress. Section of Inorganic Chemistry and

Technology

PERIODICAL:

Uspekhi khimii, 1959, Vol 28, Nr 12, pp 1406-1408 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The Section of Inorganic Chemistry and Technology was working under the guidance of Academician I. I. Chernyayev, of the Deputies: Academician V. I. Spitsyn, Corresponding Member AS USSR B. V. Nekrasov, Scientific Secretary Candidate of Chemical Sciences O. N. Andrianova. Secretaries of the Section Were: Candidate of Chemical Sciences T. N. Dymova, Candidate of Chemical Sciences I. D. Kolli, Candidate of Chemical Siences of Chemical Sciences I. D. Kolli, Candidate of Chemical Siences A. I. Lazareva, Ye. I. Ionova, and V. T. Orlova. The meetings were held with: Academicians I. I. Chernyayev, A. A. Grinberg, were held with: Academicians I. I. Chernyayev, A. A. Grinberg, and I. V. Tananayev; Corresponding Member AS USSR B. V. Nekrasov, Doctor novskiy, Corresponding Member AS USSR B. V. Nekrasov, Doctor of Chemical Sciences I. N. Lepeshkov, Corresponding Member AS USSR A. V. Novoselova, Professor G. A. Meyerson, Professor AS USSR A. V. Novoselova, Professor G. A. Meyerson, Professor O. Ye. Zvyagintsev in the chair. Lectures were held by: V. I. Spitsyn, I. V. Yanitskiy, Ye. A. Ippolitova, I. A. Kazarnovskiy, Spitsyn, I. V. Yanitskiy, Ye. A. Ippolitova, I. A. Kazarnovskiy, N. V. Novoselova, K. N. Semenenko, A. I. Grigor'yev, S. Z. Ma-A. V. Novoselova, K. N. Semenenko, A. I. Grigor'yev, S. Z. Ma-A. V. Novoselova, K. N. Semenenko, A. I. Grigor'yev, S. Z. Ma-A. V. Novoselova, K. N. Semenenko, A. I. Grigor'yev, S. Z. Ma-A. V. Novoselova, K. N. Semenenko, A. I. Grigor'yev, S. Z. Ma-A. V. Novoselova, K. N. Semenenko, A. I. Grigor'yev, S. Z. Ma-A. V. Novoselova, K. N. Semenenko, A. I. Grigor'yev, S. Z. Ma-A. V. Novoselova, K. N. Semenenko, A. I. Grigor'yev, S. Z. Ma-A. V. Novoselova, K. N. Semenenko, A. I. Grigor'yev, S. Z. Ma-A. V. Novoselova, K. N. Semenenko, A. I. Grigor'yev, S. Z. Ma-A. V. Novoselova, K. N. Semenenko, A. I. Grigor'yev, S. Z. Ma-A. V. Novoselova, K. N. Semenenko, A. I. Grigor'yev, S. Z. Ma-A. V. Novoselova, K. N. Semenenko, A. I. Grigor'yev, S. Z. Ma-A. V. Novoselova, K. N. Semenenko, A. I. Grigor'yev, S

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SOV/74-28-12-3/25

8th Mendeleyev Congress. Section of Inorganic Chemistry and Technology

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karov, L. G. Berg, V. I. Mikheyeva, N. N. Sirota, B. A. Beremzhanova, L. A. Borovskikh, Ya. Ye. Vil'nyanskiy, S. I. Vol'-fkovich, N. N. Postnikov, A. A. Ionass, V. V. Illarionov, R. Ye. Remen, Ye. P. Ozhigov, G. A. Meyerson, V. M. Lekaye, A. G. Kasatkin, L. N. Yelkin, Ye. Ya. Vil'nyanskiy, Ye. I. Savintsova, L. A. Borovskikh, A. I. Teterevkov, L. S. Bychikhina, I. I. Chernyayev, L. A. Nazarova, V. S. Orlova, A. A. Grinberg, V. G. Tronev, K. B. Yatsimirskiy, B. V. Ptitsyn, D. I. Vinogradova, Ye. N. Tekster, L. N. Sheronov, Z. A. Shek, Ye. Ye. Kriss, O. I. Zakharov-Nartsissov, O. Ye. Zvyagintsev, V. I. Spitsyn, Ye. A. Ippolitova, A. P. Sokolov, V. M. Vdovenko, Ye. A. Smirnova, D. N. Suglobov, L. M. Gindin, P. I. Bobikov, E. F. Koub, I. F. Kopp, A. M. Rozen, N. P. Ter-Oganesov, N. I. Zagarskaya, V. A. Kargin, R. P. Lastovskiy, T. A. Matveyeva, Yu. V. Shirokiy. The lectures gave a survey of work carried out in the field of inorganic chemistry. New methods developed for the investigation of inorganic systems and new procedures designed for the introduction into industry were reported.

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sov/74-28-12-4/25 Kozlov, V. V., Vol'fkovich, S. I. 5(0) AUTHORS: 8th Mendeleyev Congress. Section of Organic Chemistry and TITLE: Technology Uspekhi khimii, 1959, Vol 28, Nr 12, pp 1408-1415 (USSR) PERIODICAL: The Section (Ref 15) was working under the guidance of Academician B. A. Kazanskiy, Deputies: Corresponding Member AS USSR ABSTRACT: P. A. Moshkin, Doctor of Chemical Sciences V. N. Belov, Scientific Secretary: Candidate of Chemical Sciences B. I. Stepanov. Activity of the Section took place, besides plenary meetings, within the following 4 subsections: 1) Catalytic Reactions and Some General Problems of Organic Chemistry and Technology (Head: Academician B. A. Kazanskiy, Scientific Secretary: I. V. Gostunskaya). The chairmen of this subsection were: Professor D. V. Sokolovskiy, Academician AS Ukrainskaya SSR Ye. A. Shilov, Corresponding Member Uzbekskaya SSR I. P. Tsukervanik, Academician A. A. Balandin, Academician AS Azerbaydzhan SSR Yu. G. Mamedaliyev, Corresponding Member AS USSR A. D. Petrov, Professor Yu. A. Gorin, Professor B. V. Tronov. 2) Chemistry and Technology of Aliphatic and Alicyclic Compounds (Head: Card 1/6

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8th Mendeleyev Congress. Section of Organic Chemistry and Technology

Corresponding Member AS USSR P. A. Moshkin, Scientific Secretary: L. N. Nokhapetyan). Chairmen: Corresponding Member AS USSR P. A. Moshkin, Professor V. N. Belov, Corresponding Member AS USSR S. N. Danilov, Corresponding Member AS USSR G. A. Razuvayev. Academician B. A. Arbuzov, Professor I. Ya. Postovskiy, Professor T. I. Temnikova, Academician Azerbaydzhan SSR Yu. G. Mamedaliyev. 3) Chemistry and Technology of Aromatic and Heterocyclic Compounds (Head: Professor Yu. K. Yur!yev, Scientific Secretary: I. I. Grandberg). Chairmen: Corresponding Member AS USSR N. N. Vorozhtsov, Professor B. A. Poray-Koshits, Professor A. A. Spryskov, Academician Ukrainskaya SSR A. I. Kiprianov, Professor V. A. Izmail'skiy, Professor Yu. K. Yur'yev, Professor V. V. Kozlov. 4) Chemistry and Technology of Elemental Organic Compounds (Head: Corresponding Member AS USSR R. Kh. Freydlina, Scientific Secretary: Ye. I. Vasil'yeva). Chairmen: Corresponding Member AS USSR R. Kh. Freydlina, Corresponding Member AS USSR O. A. Reutov, Academician M. I. Kabachnik, Professor A. A. Petrov, Professor G. Kh. Kamay, Corresponding Member AS USSR D. N. Kursanov, Corresponding Member AS USSR K. A. Kocheshkov. Lectures held by G. V. Uvarov,

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8th Mendeleyev Congress. Section of Organic Chemistry and Technology

Kh. K. Ingol'd, G. A. Razuvayev, M. I. Kabachnik, Ye. A. Shilov, I. V. Smirnov-Zamkov, G. A. Piskovitina, V. G. Ostroverkhov, D. F. Mironova, G. F. Dvorko, A. A. Akhrem, A. V. Kamernitskiy, L. D. Bergel'son, L. P. Badenkov, Ye. I. Klabunovskiy, A. A. Balandin, B. A. Kazanskiy, I. V. Gastunskaya, A. I. Leonova, B. F. Plate, V. I. Stanko, A. A. Balandin, V. I. Spitsyn, N. P. Dobrosel'skaya, I. Ye. Mikhaylenko, R. M. Flid, Yu. A. Gorin, I. K. Gorn, A. A. Balandin, M. L. Khidekel', V. V. Patrikeyov, Ye. G. Vol'poya, A. V. Lyuter, E. M. Koganova, A. A. Vvedenskiy, T. Ye. Shakhova, A. Ye. Panitkova, A. R. Perel'man, I. M. Dolgopol'skiy, A. L. Klebanskiy, Z. A. Dobler, M. Ya. Rubanik, S. V. Zavgorodney, T. B. Gonsovskaya, L. S. Shvetsova, V. I. Sidel'nikova, V. G. Vakhtin, Ye. A. Vdovtsova, Yu. G. Mamedaliyev, I. P. Tsukervanik, A. A. Balandin, I. R. Konenko, A. A. Tolstopyatova, Ye. I. Karpeyskaya, A. P. Rudenko, A. A. Kuz'menko, Ya. L. Gol'dfarb, G. A. Rudakov, I. Ya. Postovskiy, N. N. Vereshchagina, L. F. Trefilova, E. I. Chertkova, I. A. Korshunov, N. F. Novotorov, N. A. Pestunovich, V. N. Dubovskaya, M. R. Leonov, V. V. Perekalin, K. B. Rall', G. D. Padva, Yu. V. Svetkina, N. A. Dayev, V. M. Dashunin, R. Ya. Levina, V. R. Skvar-

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